

Norwegian University of Science and Technology

Ski waxing course

for non-experienced and experienced skiers, professors, postdocs, PhD students *et al*.

by Anders Fougner Monday lunch talk, 09.01.2012

Overview

- Background
- Kick zone
- Waxless skis
- How to apply the grip wax
- How to remove the grip wax
- Klister
- Glide wax
- FAQ
- Conclusion





Background

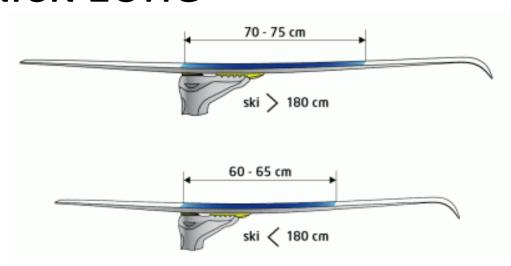
- Some of you may be stressed out because you have bought skis but have no clue about how to wax them.
- Also the more experienced of you may not dare to use klister and thus cannot ski when it's wet or icy.

Goal of this course:

Be able to ski without being scared of the wax, the klister or the snow conditions.



Kick zone



- Should ideally be measured specifically on your skis and with your weight...
 - -> Plain surface, one-layered sheet of paper
- Rubbed with sand paper



Waxless skis



- Simple solution
- Not ideal, glides poorly
- Very difficult in some situations
- Only recommended for those who did not attend this ski waxing course...



Temp.	Snowing (or raining)	Fresh snow	Old snow	Ice/hard
+15 °C +10 °C	Rode Rossa Special (or Rode Rossa)	Rode Rossa	Rode Rossa	
+5 °C +3 °C				
+3 °C +2 °C	SWIX VR70	SWIX VR70		
+1 °C	SkiGo LF orange	SWIX VR65	SWIX VR70	SWIX Violet (KR50)
0°C	SWIX VR60	SWIX VR60	SWIX VR65	
-1 °C	SWIX VR55	SWIX VR55	SWIX VR60	
-2 °C			SWIX VR55	
-3 °C -4 °C	Rode Multigrade	Rode Multigrade	Rode Multigrade	SWIX Universal (K22N) or Rode Multigrade klister
-5 °C				
	SWIX Blue Extra (V40)	SWIX Blue Extra (V40)	SWIX Blue Extra (V40)	
-10 °C				
-15 °C				

How to apply the wax

- 1. Remove the **old wax** (see next page...)
- 2. Check the snow conditions; choose a wax
- 3. But: Use a harder wax as a base layer (2-3 thin layers)
- 4. Bring the wax you want to use, and apply it only if needed
- 5. Bring also a softer wax, just in case...



How to remove the wax

- Apply one layer of toilet paper
- Scrape off the soft wax!
- Now you still have a base layer for next trip...
- (Sometimes:) Use a wax cleaner to remove everything



How to apply the klister

- Almost like tooth paste or glue
- Use your hand!
- Afterwards; cover your hand with a glove
- Problem solved



How to remove the klister

Not rocket science:

Do it the same way as for the wax!



Glide wax

- Not important for beginners
- Pick an «allround» glide wax, unless you do competitions...
- Apply outside of the kick zone!
- Use a wax iron, or a normal iron
- Scrape off
- Brush, if you wanna bother



FAQ (1)

- 1. Why does the wax disappear so quickly?
- 2. When should I wax my skis?
- 3. My skis are sliding backwards. What do I do?
- 4. Why do I have a 10cm thick snow layer under my skis?



FAQ (2)

- 5. How do I avoid this problem, and how do I solve it now?
- 6. There's klister everywhere; what do I do?
- 7. It seems to build up ice in the klister. How do I avoid this problem?
- 8. I can't afford having 50 different grip waxes . What do I do?



FAQ (3)

- 9. There's 0°C and snowing seems to be difficult conditions. What strategy should I use?
- 10. I really hate klister. It sticks to my hands, to my car seats, to my mouth, to the skis and to the snow. How can I fall in love with the klister?
- 11. It's raining downtown, and the conditions are probably crappy now. Should I stay at home?



FAQ (4)

12. Can I ski on the road, on the parking lot and on the beach?

13. Who needs to yield; the skier or the car?



How to check the conditions

• Skiklubben's **føremelding**:

http://www.skiklubben.no/index.php/Marka-idag/Foremelding/

• Skisporet:

http://www.skisporet.no/sortrondelag/granasen
http://www.skisporet.no/sortrondelag/strindamarka

Webcam/weather stations at Skistua and Granåsen:

http://webcam-skistua.notlong.com http://webcam-granaasen.notlong.com



How to remember everything

Download this presentation from

http://www.itk.ntnu.no/ansatte/Fougner Anders

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Print the color coding table



Thank you for your attention



